

brightness

of a laser dye

Product of the fluorescence quantum yield (Φ_f) of a dye and the molar decadic absorption coefficient at the excitation wavelength, $\varepsilon(\lambda)$, i.e., $\Phi_f \varepsilon(\lambda)$.

Source:

PAC, 2007, 79, 293 (*Glossary of terms used in photochemistry, 3rd edition (IUPAC Recommendations 2006)*) on page 310