ketyls

Radical anions (or the corresponding salts) derived from ketones by addition of an electron $R_2C\cdot-O^- \leftrightarrow R_2C^-\cdot-O$.

Note:
Ketyls produce two types of conjugate acids: $R_2C\cdot-OH$ and $R_2CH-O\cdot$. The former are $\alpha$-hydroxyalkyl radicals and the latter are alkoxyl radicals, but they have also been called ketyls in photochemistry.

Source:
PAC, 1995, 67, 1307 (Glossary of class names of organic compounds and reactivity intermediates based on structure (IUPAC Recommendations 1995)) on page 1346