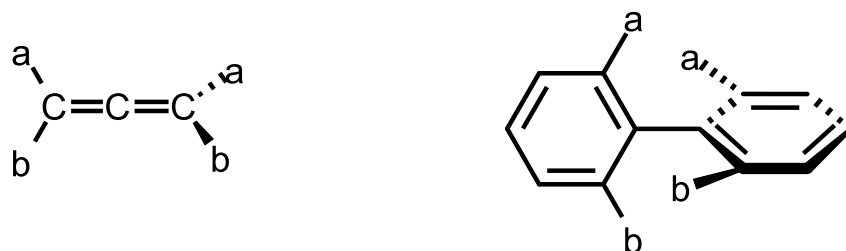


axial chirality

Term used to refer to stereoisomerism resulting from the non-planar arrangement of four groups in pairs about a chirality axis. It is exemplified by allenes $abC=C=Ccd$ (or $abC=C=Cab$) and by the atropisomerism of *ortho*-substituted biphenyls. The configuration in molecular entities possessing axial chirality is specified by the stereodescriptors R_a and S_a (or by P or M).



Source:

PAC, 1996, 68, 2193 (*Basic terminology of stereochemistry (IUPAC Recommendations 1996)*) on page 2201