limit of detection

in analysis

The limit of detection, expressed as the concentration, $c_{\rm L}$, or the quantity, $q_{\rm L}$, is derived from the smallest measure, $x_{\rm L}$, that can be detected with reasonable certainty for a given analytical procedure. The value of $x_{\rm L}$ is given by the equation

$$x_{\rm L} = \bar{x}_{\rm bi} + k \, s_{\rm bi}$$

where \bar{x}_{bi} is the mean of the blank measures, s_{bi} is the standard deviation of the blank measures, and k is a numerical factor chosen according to the confidence level desired.

Source:

Orange Book, p. 5