

## polymer-supported reaction

Chemical reaction in which at least one reactant or a catalyst is bound through chemical bonds or weaker interactions, such as hydrogen bonds or donor–acceptor interactions, to a polymer.

Notes:

1. The easy separation of low-molar-mass reactants or products from the polymer-supported species is a great advantage of polymer-supported reactions.
2. Typical examples of polymer-supported reactions are: (a) reactions performed by use of polymer-supported catalysts, (b) solid-phase peptide synthesis, in which intermediate peptide molecules are chemically bonded to beads of a suitable polymer support.

**Source:**

PAC, 2004, 76, 889 (*Definitions of terms relating to reactions of polymers and to functional polymeric materials (IUPAC Recommendations 2003)*) on page 894